

准考證號碼

注意事項 試題卷右上角填上准考證號碼，請依題號順序在「答案卷」作答，考完後請將「試題」及「答案卷」一併繳回。

一、 選擇題共 10 題 30%，每題 3 分

- 依據左傳說法，春秋經記載「鄭伯克段于鄆」中有許多微言大義，何者非是？
(A) 貶責大叔不敬事兄長 (B) 諷刺鄭莊公未盡教誨其弟之責
(C) 批評鄭伯有姑息養奸之過錯 (D) 揭發鄭伯陰狠奸詐之意圖。
- 有關寓言的敘述，下列何者錯誤？
(A) 先秦哲理寓言是我國寓言的第一個高峰期，以《莊子》、《韓非子》為代表
(B) 唐宋諷刺寓言是我國寓言的第二個高峰期，以柳宗元為代表
(C) 明清詼諧寓言是我國寓言的第三個高峰期，以劉基為代表
(D) 寓言豐富了通俗文學，是眾多小說的題材，如《西遊記》源自《山海經》
- 下列有關「世說新語」之敘述，何者為非？
(A) 宋臨川王劉慶義編撰 (B) 記後漢至東晉年間，高士言行，名流談笑
(C) 反應士族階層的生活面貌 (D) 對於反抗禮法的精神，表示排斥
- 中國語文中的量詞，常因使用情境的不同，而有不同的意義。如「一片」或為「些少、微小」之意，或為「寬闊、綿長」之意。下列詩句中的「一片」，意為「寬闊、綿長」的選項是：
(A) 稻花香裏說豐年，聽取蛙聲一片 (B) 一片風帆望已極，三湘煙水返何時
(C) 樹頭樹底覓殘紅，一片西飛一片東 (D) 一片花飛減卻春，風飄萬點正愁人
- 下列何者兼具「視覺」與「嗅覺」的感受？
(A) 岸芷汀蘭，郁郁菁菁（岳陽樓記）
(B) 碧雲天，黃葉地。秋色連波，波上寒煙翠（蘇幕遮）
(C) 明月松間照，清泉石上流（山居秋暝）
(D) 春深雨過西湖好，白卉爭妍，蝶亂蜂喧（采桑子）。
- 下列選項有關小說的說明，何者最正確？
(A) 《聊齋誌異》藉人心世態的描寫，諷刺仙狐鬼魅的荒誕無稽。
(B) 《儒林外史》以寫實的手法，揭露舊禮教與科舉制度的弊害。
(C) 《紅樓夢》以幽默浪漫的筆法，鋪寫曹雪芹一生的豐富見聞。
(D) 《三國演義》採用三國志的觀點，極力鋪寫英雄逐鹿中原的爾虞我詐。
- 下列神話人物，何者配合事蹟正確？
(A) 后羿—勞苦奔波，平定水患 (B) 盤古—開天闢地
(C) 刑天—怒撞不周山 (D) 鯀—志剷大山，感動天神
- 胡瓜開了一家餐廳名為「東坡居」，這是因為蘇東坡好嘗美食，故餐廳以其名命之。下列各人名與店名的結合何者稍嫌牽強？
(A) 「孟母」安親班 (B) 「陶淵明」啤酒屋
(C) 「孔明」健身中心 (D) 「趙飛燕」塑身中心。
- 西湖雜記「歌吹為風，粉和為雨，羅紈之盛，多於堤畔之草」其中「羅紈」是指：
(A) 車輛 (B) 遊客 (C) 販夫 (D) 招牌
- 關於新詩的敘述，下列何者有誤？
(A) 民國以來白話詩的總稱，又稱現代詩 (B) 「現代」，即相對於「古代」而言
(C) 是五四運動時的詩人徐志摩所倡導 (D) 狹義的現代詩，是指紀弦現代派「橫的移植」

二、 填充題共 5 題 15%，每題 3 分

說明：請依各題詩句意思，填寫所指的歷史人物名字

例：功蓋三分國，名成八陣圖，江流石不轉，遺恨失吞吳——（孔明）

1. 須關西大漢，銅琵琶，鐵綽板，唱「大江東去」——（ ）
2. 剛直不阿，留得正氣沖霄漢；幽愁發憤，著成信史照塵寰——（ ）
3. 他是黑夜中／陡然／迸發起來的／一團天火／從江東熊熊焚燒到阿房宮／最後自火中提煉出／一個霸氣磅礴的／名字——（ ）
4. 千年前為秋風所破的茅屋／剩日下的竹影搖曳／我小立在那座新築新修的草堂／遙想當年你如何扶杖嘆息，忍聽／兒童抱茅的嬉鬧，下一刻／隨手將一襲蕭然的長衫／掛進唐詩富麗的書櫥裡——（ ）
5. 長安／是一個宜酒宜詩不宜仙的地方／去吧！提起你的酒壺／挾起你的詩 冊，詩冊中的清風和明月／邊走邊飲去遊你的三江五湖——（ ）

三、 文意測驗：甲乙丙丁四段文章，共 5 題 15%，每題 3 分

甲、一棵粗壯的樹被暴風連根拔起，吹捲到河的對岸，剛好落在蘆葦叢旁邊。橡樹一邊呻吟一邊問道：「蘆葦呀！你們長的如此瘦弱，怎麼反而能夠躲過巨風的吹襲呢？」蘆葦搖搖身體回答：「颳起強風的時候，我們並不正面抵抗它，而是隨著它的節奏搖擺，自然能夠相安無事囉！」

1. 下列哪一個大自然的現象與上文有著相同的道理？ (A)大樹的根，深入土壤，故能枝葉密 (B)水沒有固定形態，所以可以適應任何形狀的容器 (C)月有陰晴圓缺，不是永遠盈滿 (D)大海不擇細流，故能浩瀚宏闊

乙、從前有位農夫不懂文謔謔的客套話，有一天他向一位喜歡咬文嚼字的秀才請教：「相公，這『令尊』二字是什麼意思？」秀才見他是個農夫，便戲弄他說：「這令尊二字是稱呼別人家兒子。」說完秀才暗暗得意。不料農夫接著問：「相公你府上有幾個令尊啊？」秀才聽此言非常火大，但又不好發作，於是只好說：「我家中沒有令尊。」農夫信以為真，於是安慰他說：「我家裡倒有六個兒子，你若願意，我就送你一個令尊吧！」

2. 文中秀才的舉動可用哪一句成語來形容？ (A) 自取其辱 (B) 文質彬彬 (C) 一字之師 (D) 任重道遠
3. 『令尊』的意義究竟為何？ (A) 稱呼別人的兒子 (B) 稱呼自己的兒子 (C) 稱呼別人的父親 (D) 稱呼自己的父親

丙、櫻木花道說：「昨天從天上掉下來一顆大籃球，直徑十公尺長，重二十公斤。」

流川楓說：「哪會有這種怪事？」 櫻木花道說：「真的啊！同學們都這麼說喔！」

4. 從上述對話，你認為櫻木花道犯了什麼錯誤？ (A) 吹牛不打草稿 (B) 前後矛盾，無法自圓其說 (C) 才疏學淺，不求甚解 (D) 人云亦云，道聽塗說。

丁、江湖賣藥人在小鎮叫賣「長生不老藥」。他誇揚說：「我每天吃一匙這種藥，已經活了三百年！」旁觀者紛紛向助手買那種藥。一個想要拆穿詭計的商人，大聲問助手說：「你老闆真的是三百歲嗎？」助手徐徐地說：「我不能確實告訴你，因為我只跟他做了九十年。」

5. 你認為本文中的助手是個什麼樣的人？ (A) 口若懸河，自以為是 (B) 機智冷靜，善於宣傳 (C) 愚昧無知，是非不分 (D) 舉一反三，學富五車。

四、寫作練習——資料判讀分析與寫作，40%

根據下列應用文啓事內容，判讀與統整分析提供之資料。

- 1.題目與引導說明：甄美麗最近想找工作，以下是兩份招聘廣告和有關甄美麗的資料。試根據這些資料，寫出以下兩點內容：
 (1).指出哪份工作對甄小姐較為合適。
 (2)並依資料說明適合的理由。(字數約在 200 字左右，標點符號不計算在內。)

2.招聘廣告	<p>招聘一</p> <p>誠聘行政助理 貿易公司聘女行政助理乙名，25 歲以下，懂會計，能講寫流利英語，有經驗者優先。有意者請繕履歷函郵政信箱 279 號</p>	<p>招聘二</p> <p>活動中心誠聘教練 活動中心誠聘教練乙名，男女均可。應徵者須性格樂觀，有領導能力，懂得各種體育用品用法，並須於假日工作。有興趣者請電 07-1234567 王組長</p>
3.個人資料	<p>資料一</p> <p>文華家商離校證明 學生姓名：甄美麗 學 號：54321 入校年份：1995 出生日期：1980-10-11 離校年份：1997 出生地：高雄市 學 業：會計丙級通過(1996) 英語演講比賽亞軍(1997) 中文作文比賽季軍(1997) 操 行：A 服 務：女童軍隊長(1996~97) 課外活動：籃球隊隊長(1996~97) 校際辯論隊隊長(1997) 校長：譚尊敬 1997-06-20</p> <p>資料二</p> <p>四季游泳會會員證 號碼：1342 姓名：甄美麗 性別：女 身分證號碼：A200000001</p> <p>資料三</p> <p>離職證明 茲證明甄美麗小姐，於 1998 年 8 月至 1999 年 3 月於本公司任職營業員，工作表現良好。 亞力體育用品公司 經理陳台中 一九九九年三月三十日</p>	

元培科技大學

98 年度日間部、進修部 (四技二年級) 四技轉學入學考試
英文試題

共 4 頁

准考證號碼

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一、字彙與成語 (60%)

說明：以下三十個題目各有一個空格，並各附有備選單字。請選擇最適合的單字為答案，每題答對得 2 分。

1. Meters, yards, grams, and ounces are all units of _____
(A) furniture (B) equipment (C) pronunciation (D) measurement
2. In order to broaden our mind, each of us should read _____
(A) tensely (B) extensively (C) confidentially (D) inevitably
3. The police have _____ the whole area but haven't found the criminal yet.
(A) looked (B) searched (C) improved (D) discovered
4. The thief ran off the house and soon _____ into the crowd.
(A) vanished (B) peeked (C) diverged (D) arrested
5. It was said that many people had died from drinking _____ water.
(A) contaminated (B) bewildered (C) incredulous (D) inevitable
6. He was sentenced to life imprisonment for being found _____ of first degree murder for the killing of two abortion clinic employees.
(A) shame (B) guilty (C) crime (D) sin
7. Since the host was generous and hospitable, the _____ over dinner was warm and friendly.
(A) aroma (B) fragrance (C) flavor (D) atmosphere
8. Some computers are _____ to do very complicated work.
(A) resigned (B) designed (C) prohibited (D) signed
9. The parents _____ with relief when their missing child was found.
(A) signed (B) sighed (C) quivered (D) exploded
10. I don't know how to show my _____ to the surgeon for saving my father's life.
(A) gratitude (B) attitude (C) aptitude (D) altitude
11. Intelligence does not _____ means success. You need diligence as well.
(A) honestly (B) formally (C) necessarily (D) merely
12. The prisoner made an _____ to escape from the prison but in vain.
(A) attention (B) intention (C) attempt (D) attack
13. A true _____ is a government of the people, by the people and for the people.
(A) revolution (B) democracy (C) authority (D) technology

14. Once the law is put into effect, it must be enforced _____. Otherwise, people will not obey the law.
(A) cheerfully (B) fortunately (C) strictly (D) peacefully
15. She is an _____ friend of mine; we always share happiness and sorrow together.
(A) intimate (B) intimidate (C) imitate (D) animate
16. The new government of the country is not _____ internationally as lawful.
(A) distinguished (B) identified (C) recognized (D) addressed
17. He explained each step so there would be no _____ over what to do next.
(A) complication (B) curiosity (C) perplexity (D) challenge
18. Are you getting an _____ wage for the work you are doing?
(A) evident (B) efficient (C) informative (D) adequate
19. The story was so sad that at the end my eyes were _____ with tears.
(A) dry (B) littered (C) facial (D) moist
20. The negotiating teams reached a conclusion over how to settle the controversial _____ after making a concession to each other.
(A) avocation (B) access (C) paste (D) issue
21. After the operation, it is only a _____ of time before she recovered her full strength.
(A) business (B) means (C) standard (D) matter
22. They worked so _____ that there was no time to talk.
(A) painfully (B) violently (C) feverishly (D) unexpectedly
23. If you spend more than fifty thousand dollars at this supermarket, all the goods you buy here will be delivered to your house free of _____.
(A) change (B) charge (C) fee (D) fare
24. A 2,400 -year-old tooth said to be that of the Buddha is believed to bless those near to it and _____ off bad omens.
(A) reward (B) ward (C) award (D) inward
25. It is very wasteful of money; in other words, he is very _____.
(A) extreme (B) extravagant (C) extinct (D) executive
26. There was no _____ of poison in the tea the chemist analyzed.
(A) indication (B) taste (C) color (D) small
27. Philip is a man of many parts; I have to say he is better than I in everything.
(A) junior to me (B) senior to me (C) superior to me (D) inferior to me
28. Judy has asked for sick leave for several weeks; accordingly, it takes great effort for her to catch up with her classmates in a short time.
(A) surpass (B) balance (C) complete (D) defeat
29. If you order a book from a bookstore, but it is no longer available from the publisher, then, this book is out of print now.
(A) is not published any more (B) is out of fashion
(C) can not be bought from book stores (D) no longer exists
30. I tried to make up for my forgetfulness by getting Peter some books.
(A) explain (B) take it easy (C) compensate (D) do without

二、綜合測驗 (20%)

說明：下面二篇短文共有十個空格，每個空格各附有四個備選答案。請仔細閱讀後選出一個最適當的答案。每題答對得 2 分。

A swimmer recalls _(31)_, as a little boy, he would watch his father do carpentry work. If a section wasn't done right, his father would pick it up and start _(32)_ again.

The boy never forgot. Ten years later, in a room filled with silver cups and Olympic _(33)_, he told an interviewer, "My father advised me that if a thing is worth doing, it's worth doing _(34)_."

Almost all the superstars told a personal version of that story. Although for most of them, success came early, it didn't happen _(35)_. None of them reached a talent peak in less than ten years of hard work..

31. (A) what (B) that (C) which (D) when
32. (A) all over (B) all (C) over (D) over all
33. (A) championship (B) winners (C) games (D) medals
34. (A) now (B) well (C) good (D) soon
35. (A) overnight (B) exactly (C) now (D) then

A robber found Canada's language barriers too much when he went into a Vancouver bank for French-speaking residents and _(36)_ a cashier a note in _(37)_ money. The cashier, a recent immigrant from China, was unable to read it, and called a colleague for _(38)_.

After puzzling over the note for several seconds, the colleague asked the man to wait while he called the manager, who duly joined in the fray. The man then mumbled something about "money" in French, _(39)_ the bank manager replied: "I'm sorry, but I don't speak English very well." _(40)_ the man asked for his note back and left the bank.

36. (A) handed (B) received (C) interpreted (D) translated
37. (A) requiring (B) demanding (C) claiming (D) depositing
38. (A) resistance (B) association (C) assistance (D) insistence
39. (A) which (B) to which (C) that (D) who
40. (A) In despair (B) Frustrating (C) With merriment (D) Despite

三、閱讀測驗 (20%)

下面二篇短文共有十個空格，每個各附有四個備選答案。仔細閱讀後，選出一個最合文意的答案。每題答對得 2 分。

A police officer on the streets typically feels a high degree of psychological stress. A look at statistics will explain why. In 1990, a total of 119 police officers were killed on the streets. Over half of them died while making arrests, 20% while responding to calls for help, and 12% while making routine traffic stops.

An important source of stress to a police officer is the growing number of cases to handle and the lack of manpower or time to handle them. There were 34 million crime victims for 1990. That figure grew by 10% the following year, and has been rising ever since. In the meantime, police forces have not expanded their number, with the increased incidence of crime and escalated degrees of violence in crime, the police officer simply cannot fulfill the ideal role of active prevention of crime. He can only passively respond to it, and barely, at that.

41. The passage is mainly about _____
(A) sources of stress for police officers.
(B) crime statistics and control for 1990.
(C) worsening security on the streets of the U.S.
(D) a serious shortage of police officers.
42. It can be inferred that all of the following are true of police fatality statistics for 1990 EXCEPT that _____
(A) in all, 119 policemen were killed on the streets.
(B) over 50 policemen died while trying to arrest suspects.
(C) more than 20 had received calls for help.
(D) most were killed while making traffic stops.
43. It can be inferred that, in the United States, each police officer has to look after how many citizens?
(A) 119 (B) 500 (C) 1,000 (D) 34,000

44. The underlined word “escalated” most closely means _____
(A) unrelated (B) moderated (C) increased (D) distinguished
45. A paragraph following the passage would probably deal with which of the following subjects?
(A) A psychological profile of the typical rapist
(B) Crime statistics of the early 1980s
(C) The danger of drugs to the juvenile population
(D) Another source of stress for the police officer

Dara, an American who recently arrived in Taipei, is talking with her friend, Dan, a seasoned Taipei veteran. They are discussing the plight of foreigners studying Chinese in Taipei.

Dara: It seems like all the Americans I meet here are studying Chinese at some place called a “buhshiban.” I don’t know when studying Chinese got to be so popular among my countrymen. I mean, no one studies Chinese while they’re in America.

Dan: That ‘s probably because Americans don’t need visa Extensions while thwy’re in the U.S.

Dara: I guess “buhshiban” is Chinese for “visa extension service.”

Dan: Well, no, but it would seem that way. By going to a “buhshiban,” foreigners look like they’re here to do something constructive—studying Mandarin. That way, they can avoid deportation.

Dara: I see. Learning Chinese certainly dose seem like a noble tsk, especially since Mandarin is such an impossible language!

Dan: No kidding! I sometimes think the Chinese thought it would be funny to create a language so complex and unusual that no foreigner would be able to speak it without sounding utterly idiotic.

Dara: Not to mention the writing system! I don’t think I’ll ever get the hang of it1 all those characters to memorize. So, what’s the best way to start picking up the language?

Dan: Take a cab! The cab drivers aren’t ashamed to teach you all the best curse words. It’s very useful.

Dara: Thanks, but I think I’d better conquer “ni hau ma?” first.

46. In the context of this dialogue, “buhshiban” is
(A) Chinese for “visa extension service.”
(B) some place in Taipei foreigners study Mandarin to avoid deportation.
(C) some place in Taipei Foreigners study Chinese.
(D) a cab where the cab driver will teach you curse words.
47. We can infer from the dialogue that Dara and Dan agree
(A) foreigners have difficulty studying Chinese in Taipei.
(B) the foreigners studying Chinese in Taipei are idiots.
(C) when it comes to learning Chinese, it would be better not to mention the writing system.
(D) you had better master “ni hau ma” lest you pick up curse words.
48. Which of the following statements is Not True, according to the dialogue?
(A) Both Dara and Dan are new to Taipei.
(B) Dara is new to Taipei, but Dan isn’t.
(C) As to Dan’s nationality, it is not mentioned in the dialogue.
(D) Dan has been in Taipei for a long time.
49. To start picking up a language means to start
(A) learning it seriously.
(B) giving up learning the language.
(C) cursing others.
(D) Learning it in an effortless way.
50. “Seasoned” in the first sentence means?
(A) critical (B) novice
(C) experienced (D) inexperienced